

Our vision: **'Let your light shine'** based on Matthew 5.16

Egglescliffe C.E. Primary School



RSHE Policy

This policy was reviewed: July 2026

The date of the next review: July 2027



Durham and Newcastle Diocesan Learning Trust (DNDLT)

Company Number 10847279

RSHE Policy July 2026

It is a legal obligation for a school to consult with parents and carers when developing and reviewing this policy. We want to ensure our parents understand how RSHE supports the wellbeing of all children. This policy, as part of the full review process, will be shared for consultation with our parents and carers and other stakeholders to help us ensure the policy meets the needs of the school community it serves. We recognise how valuable parental insight can be in allowing us to shape the curriculum to meet the needs of all our pupils, allowing us to make informed decisions on subject content.

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Version: 1

Date of Next Review: July 2027

Responsible Officer: Olympia Townsend/Jennifer Stephens

Headteacher: Emma Robertson

1. DNDLT Vision Statement, Eggescliffe CE Primary School Vision Statement, Introduction and Legal Framework

DNDLT Vision Statement:

At the DNDLT, we believe everyone in our Trust is a child of God, adults and children alike. Every individual and every school matters, all are valued and celebrated, and no one should be left behind.

As a Diocesan Trust of the Dioceses of Newcastle and Durham we are here to serve children, and schools of all faiths and none. We welcome both Church of England and Community Schools to join us to serve our communities in the North East of England as part of our Trust family whilst remaining unique and distinct within their local context.

The Durham and Newcastle Diocesan Learning Trust is a place where we strive for the best outcomes for our children and staff. We work hard to achieve equity and flourishing for everyone. We want our staff and children to feel valued and celebrated given the opportunity to innovate and reach their full potential. We want our schools to be at the heart of their communities serving them in the way they know best, knowing they will be supported, encouraged and affirmed by a dedicated and specialist team.

Eggescliffe CE Primary School vision Statement:

At Eggescliffe CE Primary School, we understand our responsibility to deliver a high-quality, age-appropriate and evidence-based relationships, sex and health curriculum for all our pupils. This policy sets out the framework for our relationships, sex and health curriculum providing clarity on how it is informed and delivered. In developing this policy, we have followed the principles of the Church of England Charter for faith sensitive and inclusive relationships education, relationships and sex education (RSE) and health education (RSHE) - Please see Appendix 1 for further information.

The school is committed to making reasonable adjustments wherever possible to promote accessibility and inclusivity of the curriculum. The school understands that pupils with SEND or other needs (such as those with social, emotional or mental health needs) are entitled to learn about relationships, sex and health education, and the programme will be designed to be inclusive of all pupils.

Vision

For each individual to 'shine', by instilling a legacy of life-long learning, inspiring and empowering each individual to a world of possibilities.

Motto

'Let your Light Shine' Matthew 5:16

Be empowered, be inspired... 'shine'

This underpins all we undertake at our school. We have high expectations (academic, personal, social, moral and spiritual) and we aspire for all our pupils to aim high and succeed in all they do.

Mission Statement

Egglescliffe CE Primary enables everyone to be:

- Successful learners, who enjoy learning, make excellent progress and achieve to the best of their ability.
- Confident individuals who feel safe, are happy, enjoy a challenge and are resilient when facing difficulty.
- Responsible citizens who care for one another and their environment and make positive contributions to the community and the wider world.
- To be the change you want to see.

Aim

Each child is recognised as a unique individual who is inspired to grow as a responsible citizen and realise their potential within an enriched Christian family underpinned by our core beliefs of - **Love, Trust, Hope Friendship.**

Introduction

At Egglescliffe CE Primary School, we will provide age-appropriate relationships and health education (RSHE) to all pupils as part of the school's statutory curriculum. Our school aims to assure parents and pupils that all aspects of RSHE will be delivered in a safe space, allowing time and compassion for questions at a level that every pupil understands. Sensitive topics relating to RSHE will be delivered in a sensitive manner as part of a whole-school approach where parents and teachers work in partnership.

RSHE is compulsory in all primary schools in England. The key topics applicable for all key stages have been carefully planned in consultation with responses from parents, young people, schools and experts. Parents are given the opportunity to discuss this policy at any time and staff will be provided with accurate training and further resources to deliver lessons to pupils.

We understand that pupils must be provided with an education that prepares them for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life. A key part of this relates to relationships education, which is required to be delivered to every primary-aged pupil. Primary schools also have the option to decide whether pupils are taught sex education.

Relationships education focusses on giving pupils the knowledge they need to make informed decisions about their wellbeing, health and relationships, and ensures they can talk to a trusted adult if there is anything worrying them. Health education focusses on equipping pupils with the knowledge they need to make informed decisions about their own health and ensures they receive factual information about the changes they will experience emotionally and physically during puberty.

We understand our responsibility to deliver a high-quality, age-appropriate and evidence-based relationships, sex and health education (RSHE) for all our pupils. This policy sets out the framework for our RSHE curriculum, providing clarity on how it is informed, organised and delivered. Any sex education included within the curriculum consists of age-appropriate content which covers how babies are conceived and how they are born.

Legal framework

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and statutory guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

- Sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017
- Section 80A and s.403 of the Education Act 2002
- Relationships Education and Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education Guidance, (Department for Education September 2019) [Relationships and sex education \(RSE\) and health education - GOV.UK](#)
- Relationships Education and Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education Guidance, (Department for Education July 2025) [Relationships and sex education \(RSE\) and health education - GOV.UK](#)
- Equality Act, 2010 [Equality-act-2010-advice-for-schools](#)
- Sexual Offences Act 2003 [Sexual Offences Act 2003](#)
- Special Educational Needs and Disability code of practice: 0-25 years, 2020 [SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years - GOV.UK](#)
- Keeping children safe in education (KCSIE) (DfE, 2025). [keeping-children-safe-in-education](#)
- Review of Sexual abuse in schools and colleges, Ofsted June 2021 [Review of sexual abuse in schools and colleges - GOV.UK](#)
- Science programmes of study: Key Stages 1 & 2 (Department of Education, 2013) [National curriculum in England: science programmes of study - GOV.UK](#)
- Protected characteristics and separation by sex on school inspections, (Department of Education 2025) [Protected characteristics and separation by sex on school inspections - GOV.UK](#)

The policy operates in conjunction with the following Trust/School policies:

- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy
- Behaviour Policy
- Anti-Bullying Policy
- Online Safety Policy
- Personal, Social, Health, and Economic Education Policy
- Drug and Alcohol Policy
- Equality Information and Equality Objectives
- SEND Policy
- Science Policy
- RE Policy
- Child social, emotional, health and wellbeing Policy

The 7 'Guiding principles for relationships, sex, and health education' are outlined in the guidance to help inform the RSHE curriculum to ensure it is high quality, relevant and taught with safeguarding pupils in mind. Please see Appendix 1 for further information.

- a. Engagement with pupils.
- b. Engagement and transparency with parents.
- c. Positivity
- d. Sequence of learning
- e. Relevant and responsive.
- f. Skilled delivery of participative education.
- g. Whole school approach.

2. School Context- Meeting the needs of the pupils, parents, and the community

Egglescliffe CE Primary School is situated in the borough of Egglescliffe, within the town of Stockton-on-Tees (population of Stockton-on-Tees estimated to be 196, 592) According to data from the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment for the local area, the following information is relevant to our context:

- 94% White British ethnicity
- Strong socio-economic baseline where a lower number of households suffer financial hardships
- Larger proportion of home-owners
- Above-average uptake of free childcare places for 2-year-olds
- Estimated 5,500 people in employment (out of 10,600 in the borough)
- Lower employment rates
- Higher adult education qualifications
- Greater proportion of children achieving a good level of development in EYFS and expected standard in Y6
- Higher proportion of 16–18-year-olds in FT education
- High digital engagement households
- Location for 2.7% of the borough's crimes (2.4% DV, 2.3% criminal damage, 3.4% theft, 3.6% ASB)
- More likelihood of participation in sports
- Higher life expectancy
- Strong physical health indicators

From this information, we have identified the following priorities for our children:

- Knowledge of the wider world
- Access to wellbeing support
- Develop independence and resilience
- Support the development of healthy relationships
- Critical thinking skills
- Online safety
- Risk awareness
- Personal safety
- Considered decision making
- Sustaining healthy lifestyles
- Knowledge of mental health and wellbeing

We are a successful and advantaged community, and our curriculum is deliberately designed to broaden horizons, develop resilience and ensure every pupil, including those with additional needs or hidden barriers, can flourish. We ensure our RSHE curriculum is relevant and responsive for all our pupils. Keeping our pupils safe is our highest priority and we recognise that our school may need to respond to emerging needs on occasions.

3. Key Roles and Responsibilities

The Academy Council is responsible for:

- Playing an active role in monitoring, developing and reviewing the policy and its implementation in school.
- Appointing a link academy councillor for RSHE who supports the school and monitors any aspects of RSHE included within the SIP.
- Ensuring all pupils make progress in achieving the expected educational outcomes.
- Ensuring the curriculum is well led, effectively managed and well planned and that curriculum content and teaching materials are in line with the DfE statutory guidance on RSHE.
- Evaluating the quality of provision through regular and effective self-evaluation.
- Ensuring teaching is delivered in ways that are accessible to all pupils with SEND.
- Providing clear information for parents on subject content, teaching materials and external providers and their rights to request that their children are withdrawn from sex education teaching.
- Making sure the subjects are resourced, staffed and timetabled in a way that ensures the school can fulfil its legal obligations.
- Ensuring the religious ethos of the school is maintained and developed through the subjects.
- Creating and keeping up-to-date a separate written statement of this policy and ensuring the statement is published on the school's website and provided free of charge to anyone who requests it.
- Ensuring that all staff receive ongoing training on issues relating to PSHE and RSHE and how to deliver lessons on such issues.
- Ensuring that all staff are up to date with policy changes, and familiar with school policy and guidance relating to RSHE.

The Headteacher is responsible for:

It is the overall responsibility of the Headteacher to ensure that all stakeholders are informed about the RSHE policy, and that the policy is fully implemented. This includes parental rights to withdraw from some or all the sex education and fully informing parents what is statutory education that pupils cannot be withdrawn from.

The Headteacher will:

- Ensure staff have the necessary continued professional development and confidence to deliver a high quality RSHE curriculum that suits the needs of all the pupils in the schools.

- Ensure there is adequate time on the school timetable to deliver a high quality RSHE curriculum.
- Take responsibility overall for monitoring and evaluating the provision for RSHE.
- Ensure there is openness with parents about the RSHE materials that are used to teach pupils and parents and carers are informed of their rights around viewing materials.
- That parents and carers are informed when external agencies are invited in to deliver aspects of the RSHE curriculum. (including the option to view the companies' materials)
- Discussing and reviewing requests from parents to withdraw their children from sex education teaching.
- Report to the governing body on the effectiveness of the policy.
- Take responsibility for reviewing the policy on an annual basis along with parents and carers.

The relationships, sex and health education subject leader is responsible for:

- Overseeing the delivery of the subjects.
- Ensuring that staff values and attitudes will not prevent them from providing a balanced approach to RSHE in school.
- Providing the agreed vocabulary to be used during the lessons to ensure a consistent approach.
- Ensuring the subjects are age-appropriate and high-quality and up to date.
- Ensuring teachers are provided with adequate resources to support teaching of the subjects.
- Ensuring the school meets its statutory requirements in relation to the relationships, sex, and health curriculum.
- Ensuring the relationships, sex and health curriculum is inclusive and accessible for all pupils.
- Working with other subject leaders to ensure the relationships, sex, and health curriculum complements, but does not duplicate, the content covered in the national curriculum.
- Liaising and working in partnership with parents and carers to support further conversations at home and to share a sample of the resources ahead of teaching and further resources upon request.
- Monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of the subjects and providing reports to the headteacher.

All staff involved in the delivery of Relationships, Sex and Health Education (RSHE) receive appropriate training and ongoing professional development to ensure they are confident and competent in delivering the curriculum.

Training has included the SCARF scheme of learning, updates to statutory RSHE guidance and government requirements, the use of Thrive to support pupils' emotional health and wellbeing, and approaches to adapting the PSHE curriculum to meet the needs of pupils with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND). Staff receive up-to-date training on adaptive teaching practices to ensure learning is accessible, inclusive and responsive to the diverse needs of all pupils. Staff are supported to create safe, inclusive and respectful learning environments where all pupils feel valued, represented and able to participate in discussions appropriately.

Ongoing training opportunities and updates are provided to ensure staff remain informed of current best practice and developments in RSHE education.

The SENCO is responsible for:

- Advising teaching staff how best to identify and support pupils' individual needs.
- Advising staff on the use of TAs in order to meet pupils' individual needs.
- Ensuring that the needs of vulnerable pupils are taken into consideration in designing and teaching these subjects.

The staff delivering the RSHE curriculum are responsible for:

- Delivering a high-quality and age-appropriate relationships, sex and health curriculum in line with statutory requirements.
- Using a variety of teaching methods and resources to provide an engaging curriculum that meets the needs of all pupils.
- Ensuring they do not express personal views or beliefs when delivering the programme.
- Modelling positive attitudes to relationships, sex and health education.
- Responding to any safeguarding concerns in line with the Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy.
- Acting in accordance with planning, monitoring and assessment requirements for the subjects.
- Liaising with the SENCO to identify and respond to individual needs of pupils with SEND.
- Liaising with external agencies, where appropriate, to support the delivery of the curriculum.
- Working with the relationships, sex and health education subject leader to evaluate the quality of provision.

In line with the responsibilities outlined in the list above, the teachers who will be delivering RSHE from September 2026 are outlined below:

Mrs Robertson HT	Headteacher
Miss Joynes	Year 6 Teacher
Mrs McCarthy – DHT	Year 5 Teacher
Mrs Bennison	Year 4 Teacher
Mr Moody – AHT	Year 3 Teacher
Miss Graham (Miss Stephens - Maternity)	Year 2 Teachers
Mrs O'Brien – Assistant SENDCO	Year 1 Teacher
Mrs Porritt and Miss Orange Mrs Townsend (Maternity) - AHT	Reception Teachers
Mrs Shenton & Mrs Pembroke	Nursery Teachers

Parents will be responsible for:

- Supporting their children through their personal development and the emotional and physical aspects of growing up.
- Ensuring that they are aware of curriculum content, organisation and delivery.
- Completing the RSHE parent survey and attending the parent sessions that they are invited to if they can attend.
- Fostering an open home environment where pupils can engage, discuss and continue to learn about topics which have been taught in school.
- Liaising with the school to seek additional support if needed.

The Trust will support all schools by:

- Developing a trust RSHE policy
- Providing network meetings to support and update RSHE leads
- Providing relevant CPD for RSHE leads
- Providing support for leaders to implement this policy effectively

4. Definition of Relationships, Sex and Health Education (RSHE)

The DfE's statutory requirements means schools must teach Relationships Education.

The focus for primary relationships education is teaching the skills and knowledge that form the building blocks of all positive relationships, supporting children from the start of their education to grow into kind, caring adults who have respect for others and know how to keep themselves safe.

Protective and preventative curriculum

Primary relationships education equips children to keep themselves and others safe, and to recognise and report risks and abuse, including online. This is delivered by focusing on boundaries, privacy, and children's rights over their own bodies and personal information.

Relationships education will focus on how to form and sustain positive relationships but will also help children identify risks and harms. Relationships education may therefore include topics related to preventing sexual abuse, for example, or avoiding sharing inappropriate material online. This can be done without describing the detail of any sexual activity involved. Similarly, good safeguarding practice requires young people to understand the correct terms for different parts of the body and to be able to confidently use these terms. At primary this is done without describing any detail of sexual activity.

Informed and responsive curriculum

All content is delivered in a way that does not cause unreasonable alarm and does not appear to normalise risky behaviours or activities. If as a school, we need to respond to a need or concern that is affecting pupils in the school.

We will inform parents and carers in advance if the content we intend to deliver deviates significantly from the planned curriculum outlined in this policy. This will be advance of the intended taught lessons and

relevant teaching materials will be shared on request. Teaching will be age appropriate and respectful for all children. All decisions will be informed and made based on safeguarding the children in our school.

Statutory guidance primary relationships education topic areas are:

- Families and people that care about them;
- Caring friendships;
- Respectful, kind relationships;
- Online safety and awareness;
- Being safe.

5. Non-Statutory Sex Education at primary

Sex education is not compulsory in primary schools. The DfE **recommends** that primary schools teach sex education in years 5 and/or 6, in line with related content about conception and birth, which forms part of the national curriculum for science. The national curriculum for science is **compulsory** and includes subject content in related areas, such as the main external body parts, the human body as it grows from birth to old age (including puberty) and reproduction in some plants and animals.

This will be tailored to the age and physical and emotional maturity of pupils.

The school will recognise significant factors when determining the teaching approach and the materials used, including but not limited to, age, religious backgrounds, any special education needs or disabilities of pupils.

Our school has chosen not to teach non-statutory sex education. We will continue to review this annually when assessing pupils' readiness for information to ensure curriculum content is meeting the needs of all our pupils.

In line with the statutory guidance, parents have the right to request that their child will be withdrawn from some or all of the additional sex education **beyond that which is required under the science national curriculum**, further details on this right are set out below. Please see Appendix 6 for further information.

Please see Appendix 4 for further information relating to the statutory science curriculum.

Right to be excused from Sex Education

Relationships and Health Education are statutory at primary and parents do not have the right to withdraw their child from the subjects. As a school we can choose to cover some additional content which is defined as non-statutory sex education, this is tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils. We review this content and assess pupils' knowledge level & skills. Please see Appendix 5 for further information.

Parents will be fully consulted in the organisation and delivery of our sex education curriculum, in accordance with the 'Engagement and Consultation with Parents' sections of this policy. Parents will be given the opportunity to advise on what should be taught through sex education. Parents will be offered

support in talking to their children about sex education and how to link this with the curriculum taught in school.

Parents have the right to request that their child can be withdrawn from some or all parts of sex education and the request will be automatically granted, apart from in respect of content that must be taught as part of the science curriculum as set out above or any statutory relationships and health education content.

Parents and carers will have an opportunity to discuss their request with the headteacher, this may include discussing if it is all parts or just some of the content. The conversation could include discussing the benefits and the possible detrimental effects of withdrawal if any, including social and emotional impacts on the child and the likelihood that the child will hear their peers' version of what was said in class which may not be accurate. Also offering support or signposting to discuss some content at home, if a parent wishes this.

Alternative arrangements and purposeful education will be arranged in such cases. Parents are encouraged to discuss their concerns and / or decisions with the Headteacher at the earliest opportunity. The Head teacher/RSHE lead will document the process and outcome.

Please see the school website to access further RSHE information and websites to support any discussions at home.

Please see Appendix 6 for further information on how to withdraw.

6. Delivery of RSHE at Egglescliffe CE Primary School

We understand that we are required to deliver statutory relationships and health education, and that sex education is not statutory, beyond that stipulated within the science curriculum. We have the freedom to determine how this learning will be taught in the context of a broad and balanced curriculum.

Teaching of relationships and health education:

The school will ensure that keeping children safe and preventative education remain at the heart of RSHE.

Relationships and health education will be delivered weekly as part of our PSHE curriculum. RSHE teaches relationships, families, friendships, caring and respectful relationships, respect, consent (in an age-appropriate sense), emotions, online relationships, physical health and mental wellbeing, personal safety, and puberty and body changes (through health education and science).

RSHE lessons may include questions or topics that some pupils will find sensitive to discuss. We ensure a safe learning environment is created by starting every term with the creation of a group/classroom agreement with the class teacher, this agreement is reinforced in every lesson to enable pupils to engage in conversations safely and to prevent inappropriate personal information being requested or disclosed by those taking part in the lesson.

Key topic areas covered within the PSHE curriculum, which includes RSHE, are:

- Me and my Relationships
- Valuing Difference
- Keeping Safe
- Rights and Respect
- Being my Best
- Growing and Changing

Please see Appendix 2 for further information on the SCARF Scheme.

Please see Appendix 3 for further information on statutory Relationship Education and Health Education.

Teaching of sex education:

The statutory science curriculum is delivered weekly. The biological aspects of human growth and reproduction are taught within the topics of Animals including Humans (Y1, Y2, Y3, Y5) and Living Things and their Habitats (Y5).

The SCARF scheme offers additional content that is defined as non-statutory sex education.

Non-statutory sex education is not taught as a matter of course. However, there may be exceptional circumstances where our school considers it appropriate to deliver additional content, for example in response to a safeguarding issue or where the needs of a particular cohort indicate that it would be beneficial.

Should this arise, parents will **always** be informed beforehand and will **retain their right to withdraw** their child from the non-statutory sex education content.

Please see Appendix 5 for further information on non-statutory sex education, and Appendix 6 on the right to withdraw.

The curriculum is delivered proactively, so that it addresses issues in a timely way in line with current evidence on children's physical and emotional development. The school will ensure that all teaching and materials are appropriate for the ages of the pupils, their religious backgrounds, their developmental stages and any additional needs such as SEND. Lesson plans will provide appropriate challenge for pupils and be adapted for pupils' needs.

Please see Appendix 4 for further information on the statutory science curriculum.

External visitors:

The school may invite guest speakers into school to talk on issues relating to RSHE, e. g. an expert or experienced health professional. If a guest speaker is invited to school, a teacher will be present throughout these lessons.

Visitors will be given a copy of this policy and are expected to comply with the guidelines outlined within it. All resources used by guest speakers will be available to parents to view prior to delivery.

Before delivery of the session, the school will:

- Ensure the lesson the external professional has planned fits with the planned curriculum and this policy
- Ensure the expert's credentials are checked before they participate in delivery of the curriculum, in line with the Visitor Policy.
- Discuss the details of the expert's lesson plan and ensure that the content is age-appropriate and accessible for the pupils.
- Ask to see the materials the expert intends to use, as well as a copy of the lesson plan, to ensure it meets all pupils' needs, including those with SEND.
- Agree with the expert the procedure for confidentiality, ensuring that the expert understands how safeguarding reports should be dealt with in accordance with the Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy.

Safe and effective practice

When pupils ask questions, we aim to answer them honestly at an age-appropriate level and within the group/classroom agreement. If it is felt that answering a specific question would involve information at a level inappropriate to the age and development of the rest of the pupils, the question will be dealt with individually at another time and not ignored. Children's whose questions go unanswered may turn to inappropriate sources of information from the internet. See section; Managing difficult or sensitive questions

Support and professional development will be provided for the teachers teaching RSHE, so that they can develop their confidence and skills in creating a safe learning environment for all pupils including those with additional needs. Further CPD will be accessed to enable teachers to deliver the subject content effectively.

Keeping children safe: Key vocabulary

All staff will use scientifically correct vocabulary to avoid misunderstandings and ambiguity. The medical terms are penis, vulva, vagina, testicles, scrotum, breasts, and pubic hair, all in an age and stage appropriate way. The correct terms help children to identify and report abuse. Safeguarding children must always be a priority.

Please follow the link for further information on the updated guidance for schools: [Relationships and sex education \(RSE\) and health education - GOV.UK](#)

Safeguarding

- Due to the nature of the matters discussed in RSHE, there may be a higher likelihood for safeguarding concerns to arise or be disclosed by pupils. In line with the school's Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy, all staff will be aware of the indicators and risks of a range of safeguarding issues, including child-on-child abuse, and will follow the appropriate procedures should a safeguarding concern be disclosed.
- There is an element of RSHE in pastoral care, so the school will ensure that PSHE and pastoral care teams work together to help pupils feel comfortable indicating that they may be vulnerable and at risk.

Where beneficial, the DSL or deputy DSL will be involved in the development of safeguarding-related elements of the RSHE curriculum.

Please follow the link to access further information on safeguarding at Egglecliffe CE Primary School: [Egglecliffe CE Primary School - Safeguarding](#)

7. Managing difficult and sensitive questions

Pupils may ask questions about topics which go beyond any sex education covered by the school or relate to sex education from which they have been withdrawn. The priority is to always make sure the child feels supported, heard and is safe. School may contact a parent directly to discuss the question and ask how the parent wishes to proceed. Teachers may ask the pupil to speak to their parents or a trusted adult and/or signposting to support services where needed, as we recognise as a school that children whose questions go unanswered might instead turn to inappropriate sources of information, including online.

As part of teaching in a safe and inclusive classroom environment, pupils' questions and how they might be answered are discussed at the beginning of lessons, including offering alternative ways to ask questions, such as answering questions anonymously (using question boxes).

8. Statutory Health Education – Health and Wellbeing

The aim of teaching about health and wellbeing is to enable pupils to make good decisions about their own health and wellbeing, to understand the links between physical and mental health, to recognise when things are not right in their own health or the health of others and to seek support when needed.

Health and Wellbeing will be delivered as part of the RSHE programme.

Pupils will learn

- about growth and other ways, the body can change and develop, particularly during adolescence.
- the correct names of body parts, including the penis, vulva, vagina, testicles, scrotum, nipples will be taught. Pupils will gain understanding that all these parts of the body are private and learn the skills to express their own boundaries around these body parts.
- the facts about the menstrual cycle, including physical and emotional changes.

Curriculum content related to puberty and menstruation will be complemented by sensitive arrangements to help girls prepare for and manage menstruation, including with requests for period products.

Please see Appendix 3 for further information.

9. Personal Development and Well-being

RSHE is an important part of the whole school approach to the wellbeing and positive relationships of our pupils.

At Egglescliffe CE Primary School, our personal development programme has been designed to enable all children from Nursery to Year 6 to 'shine'. Personal development is both a subject and a school ethos. It is reflected in our school motto of "Let your light shine." and in our school values: Love, Hope, Trust and Friendship.

We are firm believers that a positive, growth mindset and healthy body enables children to learn and progress. To promote a healthy lifestyle, we provide a comprehensive PSHE and RSHE programme. From Nursery to Year 6, every child will progressively explore relationships, growing and changing, and how to keep safe. Through this learning, children will gain an understanding of how to lead a healthy lifestyle and understand that they can make choices including how their choices can impact their lifestyle. Children know what they need to learn and how their wellbeing affects their learning.

To promote mental health and wellbeing further, we have trained THRIVE ambassadors. Through their role, they talk to the children about their feelings and emotions. The children know that they can speak to our Play Therapist if they need someone to talk to. Our THRIVE ambassadors also provides further support to children, who seek supplementary nurture and support, as and when required. We have targeted nurture groups for children to access to complete mindfulness/wellbeing activities. If children have anything they would like to share, we have check-in post-boxes in different locations throughout the school, where they can post their thoughts or wishes. The post-boxes are checked daily. Anything that is posted is then followed up by our Thrive Practitioners.

All relationship, sex education and the key topics of health and wellbeing sit within the wider programme of Personal Development and key links will be made to the other key areas in the curriculum and relevant policies, such as the PSHE education policy.

Contact to feeder secondary schools to ensure continuity and progression for our pupils leaving year 6 takes place in the final summer term of school.

Please follow the link to access further information on personal development and wellbeing at Eggescliffe CE Primary School: [Eggescliffe CE Primary School - News](#)

10. Morals and Values of RSHE at our school

RSHE is an integral part of personal development and lifelong learning and is an entitlement for all pupils in our care. The benefits of RSHE learning include:

- teaching the importance of learning the value and valuing family life, stable and loving relationships, marriage, and civil partnerships
- celebrating the wide range of family structures in our school community, including single parent families, same-sex parents, families headed by grandparents, young carers, kinship carers, adoptive parents, and foster parents/carers
- promoting love, respect, kindness, generosity, and caring for one another.
- supporting young people to cultivate positive characteristics including resilience, self-worth, self-respect, honesty, integrity, courage, kindness, and trustworthiness
- safe inclusive environments where questions and discussion can take place without stigma or embarrassment.
- allowing children to explore, consider, and gain understanding of moral dilemmas.
- enabling them to make informed and ethical decisions about their wellbeing, health, and relationships
- developing skills including negotiation and decision making.
- learning the importance of boundaries/consent and giving, in relationships including online with friends, peers and adults.
- prevention of harm by helping young people understand and identify when things are not right.

RSHE contributes to personal development and wellbeing by helping pupils to:

- learning to manage a range of emotions within relationships confidently and sensitively, including off and online.
- develop positive self-esteem and confidence.
- develop and demonstrate self-respect and empathy for others.
- be empowered to be responsible and active members of their community
- make informed choices with an absence of prejudice and discrimination
- show respect for those with a protected characteristic.
- understand bullying, and that this can include the use of derogatory terms relating to sex, race, disability, or sexual orientation.
- manage conflict resolution with families, people they care for and friendships.
- empower them with the skills to be able to recognise inappropriate/ uncomfortable situations and/or behaviours with their family, peers, and adults, interacting online.
- know how to report concerns, risks, or abuse, including 'child on child' abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.

- to recognise emotional, physical, and sexual abuse. Even very young children can be equipped to understand what counts as abusive behaviour and to trust their instincts about behaviour that does not feel right
- learn to actively seek, ask, and recognise consent from others.
- develop the skills necessary to communicate effectively in a range of scenarios involving consent and understand that consent can be withdrawn.
- learn and understand the role of a friend, understand how to form, maintain, and have positive healthy friendships (on and offline).
- Understand that being a victim of abuse is never the fault of the child.

Through RSHE, children will gain the following essential knowledge and skills:

- know that their bodies belong to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical touch, and other, contact.
- about growth and other ways, the body can change and develop, particularly during adolescence.
- the correct names of body parts, including the penis, vulva, vagina, testicles, scrotum, nipples will be taught. Pupils will gain understanding that all these parts of the body are private and learn the skills to express their own boundaries around these body parts.
- the facts about the menstrual cycle, including physical and emotional changes
- that you should be respectful in online interactions
- how to critically evaluate their online relationships and sources of information, including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met
- the importance of exercising caution about sharing any information about themselves online.
- learn about the facts of human reproduction in an age-appropriate way (*human reproduction is non statutory 'sex education')
- learning where to go for help or advice in school and how to access a range of local and national support agencies, including online.

Pupils will be supported and equipped with the knowledge to navigate different experiences in a positive way before they occur, and to prevent harms.

11. Intent of RSHE

Our RSHE programme aims to prepare pupils for an adult life in which they can:

- develop positive values and a moral and ethical framework that will guide their decisions, judgements, and behaviour.
- form and maintain healthy positive relationships.
- develop the knowledge for a healthy life, including physical and emotional wellbeing.
- develop personal resilience to cope in challenging situations.
- gain confidence and self-esteem to value themselves and others.
- understand the consequences of their actions and behave responsibly
- avoid being pressured into uncomfortable or dangerous situations, including online sharing
- recognise the powerful influence of social media and develop critical thinking skills to manage their online presence.
- understand and recognise seeking permission, a refusal (saying no) and consent on and offline.

- communicate and behave in a respectful manner towards people around them which contributes to a safe, inclusive environment/community.
- to understand the law, appropriate to stage of development.
- develop awareness and understanding of their evolving sexual identity. This does not encourage early sexual experience or experimentation.
- to challenge discrimination and under the importance of equality and respect
- develop pupils' resilience to support them in everything they may encounter.
- have sufficient information and skills to protect themselves in a variety of situations including from exploitation.
- be aware of sources of help and acquire the skills and confidence to access advice and support if necessary.

12. Working with parents/carers, the wider community, and other stakeholders

We aim to:

- recognise that parents and carers are the prime educators in teaching their children about sex, relationships and growing up.
- to work in partnership with parents/carers and pupils, informing them about the content of programmes at the appropriate times.
- engage with parents to help make certain they understand the RSHE provision taught.

This policy, and information on what will be taught and when, will be freely available on our school website for parent/carers to access. We encourage parents to view resources and access the links provided on our school website to support their child's learning and development.

Openness with parents and carers and RSHE materials

We understand the important role our parents and carers play in enhancing your children's understanding of relationships and health and how important your views are in shaping the curriculum. Openness with parents and carers about the RSHE materials is also important to us, we want to inform parents and carers of what your child is being taught and when.

We will use the views of parents and carers to inform decisions made about the curriculum content and delivery. Parents will not be granted a 'veto' on curriculum content and whilst all final decisions will be made by the school, we recognise the importance of you understanding what your child is being taught, especially in relation to sensitive topics.

Copyright law and RSHE materials

Parents must agree as a condition of access, that the RSHE content and materials should not be copied or shared further except as authorised under copyright law. You will be asked to sign your agreement of this.

If you cannot attend a parent meeting or access the RSHE materials online/ via the parent portal the school will provide paper copies to take home, providing you agree to sign a statement that you will not copy the content or share it further except as authorised under copyright law.

The engagement and consultation process with stakeholders including parents & carers

To ensure parents are fully engaged with the school's RSHE policy, the school follows a transparent and collaborative consultation process. Parents are invited to review the RSHE policy and curriculum plans through a yearly meeting that is held in the Autumn term. Parents will receive an invitation letter to respond to, along with a short online survey to be completed prior to attendance at the evening.

Parents will get the opportunity to:

- view, develop and review the RSHE policy
- complete a parent survey (this will be available electronically)
- be kept informed of the external providers we may bring in to enhance and teach pupils specific RSHE content.
- view any content shared with the children by an external provider
- discuss the curriculum content, including what is taught in each year group, and view a representative sample of the resources that we plan to use
- share any worries and ask questions
- learn about the content and benefits of any sex education delivered at years 5 and/or 6
- gain information about talking to children at home, including useful sources of information.

Collaboration is actively sought from our parents and carers before final approval of the RSHE Policy, to ensure parental voice is reflected in the policy.

Following this, consultation with the wider school community (academy councillors, teaching staff and children) occurs prior to agreement and implementation of policy by the Headteacher and the Academy Council.

The policy will be reviewed every year in line with other school policies.

Regular reviews of the RSHE Policy occur throughout the school year, and ongoing communication with parents will enable them to raise questions and feel confident in supporting their child's learning in school and at home.

Pupil voice will be conducted regularly throughout the school year.

All parents can view all the school teaching resources and materials used to deliver the curriculum, should they wish to. Resources used with the children for the teaching of RSHE are taken from the CORAM Life SCARF PSHE Scheme.

Please see Section 6 of this policy 'Delivery of RSHE at Eggescliffe CE Primary School'.

Please see Appendix 2 for further information on the SCARF Scheme and quality assurance.

Teaching staff

Engagement with teaching staff will provide input to improve curriculum delivery through staff surveys and ongoing communication with the subject leader to assess any training needs and share good practice. This ensures teaching remains inclusive, relevant and age appropriate.

Pupils

We want our pupils to be active learners in school who understand the importance of personal development and wellbeing and that their voices will be heard. Children's views will be gathered through class discussions, surveys, school council, and interactive methods to continue to shape the RSHE curriculum to meet the needs of all our pupils in school. Encouraging discussion, reflection and participation enable the planned curriculum to be responsive to needs when necessary.

The wider community

The school values the perspectives of faith leaders and the wider community in shaping its RSHE provision. Feedback from faith leaders and community stakeholders is gathered and is considered alongside parental and staff input, helping the school to deliver an inclusive programme that reflects the values of the school community and supports the wellbeing of all pupils.

Working with external agencies

The school may invite guest speakers into school to talk on issues related to RSHE, e.g. an expert or experienced health professional. A teacher will be present throughout these lessons.

Visitors will be given a copy of this policy and expected to comply with the guidelines outlined within it. All resources used by guest speakers will be available to parents to view prior to lesson delivery but parents must agree not to share these resources except as authorised under copyright law. (See section on openness with parents and RSHE materials)

Before delivering the session, the school will:

- Ensure the lesson the external expert has planned fits with the school's planned curriculum and this policy.
- Ensure the expert's credentials are checked before they can participate in delivery of the curriculum, in line with the Visitor Policy.
- Discuss the details of the expert's lesson plan and ensure that the content is age-appropriate and accessible for the pupils.
- Ask to see the materials the expert intends to use, as well as a copy of any lesson plan to ensure it meets all pupils' needs, including those with SEND.
- Agree with the expert the procedures for confidentiality, ensuring the expert understands how safeguarding reports should be dealt with in line with the Child Protection Policy.
- Inclusion and fostering equality

Our school aims to ensure that children from a range of backgrounds and with diverse needs feel like they belong in this school. We recognise this is bigger than just in the classroom. The school community, the environment and the culture of the school is everyone's responsibility. We understand our responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010, specifically that we must not unlawfully discriminate against anyone as a result of the protected characteristics of age, disability, gender reassignment, sexual orientation, marriage or civil partnership, race, religion or belief and sex. We will ensure topics in RSHE are taught in a way which does not discriminate against pupils or amount to harassment.

Please follow the link to access further information on Policies at Eggescliffe CE Primary School, including the Equal Opportunities Policy and the Equality Information and Objectives Policy: [Eggescliffe CE Primary School - Policies](#)

[Pupils with special educational needs and disabilities \(SEND\)](#)

We believe RSHE should be inclusive and developed to ensure these subjects are accessible for pupils with SEND and prepare pupils for adulthood, as set out in the SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years.

For some SEND pupils there may be a need to tailor or adapt content and teaching of RSHE to meet the specific needs of pupils at different development stages. The teaching will be sensitive, age-appropriate, developmentally appropriate and delivered with reference to the law.

We will ensure that all pupils receive appropriate relationships education and/or relationships and sex education, and we will offer provision appropriate to the needs of all our pupils, taking specialist advice where necessary. It is important that SEND pupils receive the knowledge they need to build up their independence and it helps to protect them from harm.

We recognise pupils with SEND may be more vulnerable than their peers to harmful sexual behaviour, sexual abuse, exploitation and violence, bullying and other issues. RSHE can be particularly important for these pupils, particularly those with social, emotional, and mental health needs or learning disabilities.

Where possible the RSHE curriculum will be adapted to suit, 'not changed,' to ensure all pupils can have access to the same curriculum.

Please follow the link to access further information on SEND at Eggescliffe CE Primary School: [Eggescliffe CE Primary School - SEND](#)

[Religion and belief, including teaching in schools with a religious character](#)

RSHE should be sensitive to the religious background of pupils, and schools must ensure they comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010, under which religion or belief are amongst the protected characteristics.

All schools may teach about faith perspectives on these topics.

[Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender \(LGBT\)](#)

Pupils should understand the importance of equality and respect throughout their education. They should be taught to understand the protected characteristics. No one is treated in any way less favourably on the grounds of sex, gender reassignment, and sexual orientation.

The DfE strongly encourages primary schools to teach about healthy loving relationships, and to include same-sex parents along with other family arrangements when discussing families. The content is fully integrated into the curriculum and within the context of teaching about different types of healthy loving families.

As a school we will consult with parents and carers on the content of external resources on this topic in advance and make all materials available to them on request as set out in the section on openness with parents.

The RSHE lead will ensure that the content is age and stage appropriate in the RSHE curriculum.

[Inclusive curriculum and delivery of RSHE](#)

At Eggescliffe CE Primary School, we want to ensure both boys and girls have opportunities to practise respectful communication and understand experiences which are different from their own, for example lessons around menstruation or wet dreams are delivered to both sexes in a mixed class. At Eggescliffe CE Primary, delivering RSHE as a whole class enables us to foster healthy relationships between all pupils allowing empathy and understanding for all to develop and grow. This contributes to reducing stigma and taboo when talking about certain aspects of health education.

If as a school we do identify a specific need based on our regular monitoring of the subject, we may make an informed choice to separate classes by sex to create a safe space for discussion of a particular topic or if a smaller group of pupils are identified who would benefit from more information separately. All pupils will receive the same information, and lessons will be monitored and assessed to allow us to review practice and to continue to meet the needs of all our pupils.

[Staff training](#)

All staff members at the school will undergo training on a termly basis to ensure they are up-to-date with the RSHE programme and associated issues. Members of staff responsible for teaching the subjects will undergo further training on a termly basis, led by the RSHE subject leader, to ensure they are fully equipped to teach the subjects effectively.

Training of staff will also be scheduled around any updated guidance on the programme and any new developments, such as 'sexting,' which may need to be addressed in relation to the programme.

[Open and positive school culture](#)

As a school we strive to create an open and inclusive environment where appropriate positive healthy relationships are formed between children and their peers and all school staff. Role modelling of positive and respectful language and behaviours contributes to our positive school culture and is reflected through all school life.

[Addressing sexual harassment and sexual violence, including child on child abuse](#)

Preventing sexual violence and abusive behaviour starts from the support and the RSHE curriculum children are taught in primary school. Relationships education has an important role in supporting young people to develop the skills they need to build healthy relationships and grow into kind and respectful adults.

Pupils should understand that anyone can be a victim of sexual violence, and that the victim is never to blame. It is important to acknowledge that most sexual violence is committed against women and girls, and it often has a gendered component. However, anyone can be affected by sexual violence and teachers should avoid language which stigmatises boys or suggests that boys or men are always perpetrators or that girls or women are always victims.

Staff in school have an important role in modelling positive behaviour and avoiding language that might perpetuate harmful stereotypes.

Our school is committed to taking a proactive and preventative approach to all forms of abuse in school, including domestic and protect pupils from harm, both in and outside of the home. 'Child on child' abuse will not be tolerated or passed off as 'banter' or 'growing up.' Teaching staff will maintain an attitude 'it could happen here.' This school recognises the importance of covering key topic areas such as, consent and permission seeking, my body my rules, healthy relationships, appropriate and respectful behaviour and language towards others and equipping children with the confidence to say no, speak up and report abuse.

[Keeping children safe in education 2025](#)

This RSHE policy supports our school's approach to safeguarding and links to other key policies and guidance.

The school will aim to provide a safe and supportive school community where pupils feel comfortable seeking help and guidance on anything that may be concerning them about life either at school or at home. Training around confidentiality will be provided to all teachers.

The school is aware that confidentiality within the classroom is a critical component of RSHE, and teachers will be expected to respect the confidentiality of their pupils as far as is possible and appropriate.

However, it is made clear to pupils that all adults in school cannot guarantee absolute confidentiality, and it may be the case that a discussion around what is acceptable and not acceptable in relationships may lead to the disclosure of a child protection issue. If this is the case the Child Protection Policy must be followed.

It is equally important that children understand how confidentiality will be handled in a lesson and what might happen if they choose to make a report, about themselves or a peer. Pupils should also understand where they can report any concerns and seek help, including to external services if they do not feel comfortable talking to school staff. When forming the class/group agreement pupils are informed and it will be reinforced to make sure all pupils understand everything, including those at risk and vulnerable children at the start of every lesson.

Where lessons are delivered by external agencies, schools must agree in advance of the session how a safeguarding concern would be dealt with by the external visitor. All visitors will be required to explain their safeguarding procedures informing the school how they would deal with receiving a disclosure. Health professionals in school are bound by their codes of conduct but also have a duty to share information with relevant others, if they believe that a child is suffering abuse. These procedures should be read in conjunction with the local Safeguarding Children's Partnership procedure; our Child Protection Policy and other Trust policies linked to safeguarding.

Please follow the link to access further information on Safeguarding at Egglecliffe CE Primary School: [Egglecliffe CE Primary School - Safeguarding](#)

13. Reviewing, monitoring, and evaluating RSHE

[Engagement with pupils](#)

An inclusive and well-sequenced RSHE curriculum should be informed by meaningful engagement with pupils to ensure that the curriculum is relevant and engaging. Assessment of pupil readiness will take place as part

of our continued approach to monitoring the curriculum ensuring pupil voice forms part of our decisions on when to include subject content and how it is taught.

Monitoring the delivery, content, teaching, and assessment of RSHE is an integrated part of how the school ensures a high-quality programme is delivered. It is linked to the other school monitoring procedures.

Our schools RSHE curriculum assessments ensure pupils continue to make progress and acquire the key knowledge needed for continued personal development.

Lessons are carefully planned to ensure that teaching is inclusive for all our pupils needs and abilities

As a school we monitor progress and the impact of our curriculum throughout the delivery of the RSHE. A wide range of creative and engaging methods are used to make sure as a school we continue to strengthen and adapt the curriculum to suit each cohort of pupils.

Assessments gather information on prior knowledge and learning is assessed to ensure knowledge is embedded.

Monitoring and reviewing of this policy

- The academy council is responsible for approving this policy.
- This policy will be reviewed on an annual basis by the RSHE subject leader and headteacher. The next scheduled review date for this policy is July 2027. This policy will also be reviewed in light of any changes to statutory guidance; feedback from parents, staff or pupils; and issues in the school or local area that may need addressing.
- Any changes made to this policy will be communicated to all staff, parents and, where necessary, pupils.

Our vision: **'Let your light shine'** based on Matthew 5.16

Egglescliffe C.E. Primary School



RSHE Policy Appendices

- Appendix 1 - Seven Guiding Principles for RSHE
- Appendix 2 – Information about CORAM Life SCARF PSHE Scheme
- Appendix 3 - Statutory Relationships Education and Health Education (delivered through PSHE)
- Appendix 4 – Statutory Science Content
- Appendix 5 - Additional, non-statutory Sex Education
- Appendix 6 - Parent / Carer Form: Withdrawal from Sex Education

Appendix 1 – Seven Guiding Principles for RSHE

Guiding principles for relationships, sex and health education

Schools should develop a curriculum with the following key principles in mind:

1. Engagement with pupils. An inclusive and well-sequenced RSHE curriculum should be informed by meaningful engagement with pupils to ensure that the curriculum is relevant and engaging.
2. Engagement and transparency with parents. Schools should engage with parents on the content of RSHE and be transparent with parents about all materials used in RSHE. All materials should be available to parents, as described in the section on openness with parents on page 33. Parents have a right to request that their children are withdrawn from sex education (pupils can opt back in from three terms before they turn 16) and schools should ensure parents are aware of sex education content within lessons in advance.
3. Positivity. Schools should focus on building positive attitudes and skills, promoting healthy norms about relationships, including sexual relationships where relevant, and about health, including mental health. Schools should avoid language which might normalise harmful behaviour among young people – for example gendered language which might normalise male violence or stigmatise boys.
4. Careful sequencing. Schools should cover all statutory topics, recognising that young people can start developing healthy behaviour and relationship skills as soon as they start school. Schools should sequence teaching so that pupils are supported and equipped with the knowledge to navigate different experiences in a positive way before they occur, and to prevent harms.
5. Relevant and responsive. Schools should develop the curriculum to be relevant, age and stage appropriate and accessible to pupils in their area, where appropriate working with local partners and other bodies to understand specific local issues and ensure needs are met.
6. Skilled delivery of participative education. The curriculum should be delivered by school staff or, where schools choose to use them, external providers who have the knowledge, skills and confidence to create a safe and supportive environment and to facilitate participative and interactive education which aims to support and not to alarm pupils. Staff should be trained in safeguarding and offering support, recognising the increased possibility of disclosures.
7. Whole school approach. The curriculum is best delivered as part of a whole school approach to wellbeing and positive relationships, supported by other school policies, including behaviour and safeguarding policies.

This information was taken from the Government website [Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education guidance](#).

Appendix 2 – Information about CORAM Life SCARF PSHE Scheme

What is Coram SCARF?

Coram SCARF is the leading charity provider of relationships, health, wellbeing, and drugs education to children across the UK. Coram SCARF offers a whole-school approach to wellbeing and Mental Health. Their PSHE education supports over 50,000 teachers and reaches over 600,000 pupils every year. Their service includes a comprehensive, fully resourced, progressive PSHE scheme of work for 3-11 year olds, high-quality, educator-led workshops for pupils and a host of free and low-cost staff training, truly supporting schools with a whole-school approach to wellbeing and mental health. Their vision is for all children to acquire the life skills needed to thrive.

SCARF's whole-school approach supports primary schools in promoting positive behaviour, mental health, wellbeing, resilience and achievement – giving schools everything they need to meet the Relationships Education and Health Education statutory requirements. More than just a PSHE scheme of work, SCARF supports great learning every day. SCARF represents the values of Safety, Caring, Achievement, Resilience and Friendship.

Meeting all DfE requirements for statutory Relationships and Health Education, and mapped to the PSHE Association's Programme of Study, SCARF is a framework consisting of lesson plans, online planning, assessment and Ofsted tools to give busy teachers skills and confidence to embed a comprehensive Relationships and Health Education, PSHE Education and Wellbeing programme throughout the primary years. SCARF is a whole-school approach to promoting behaviour, safety, achievement and wellbeing.

SCARF in school

For each year group, there are six themed units which provide a complete PSHE and wellbeing curriculum. They are:

Me and My Relationships

Explores feelings and emotions, develops skills to manage conflict, helps identify our special people and equips children to recognise the qualities of healthy friendships and how to manage them.

Valuing Difference

Includes a strong focus on British Values, supports children to develop respectful relationships with others, recognise bullying, both online and in real life, respecting the rights of others, and know their responsibilities as a upstander.

Keeping Myself Safe

Covers several safety aspects from statutory Relationships Education including being able to identify trusted adults in their lives, positive ways to interact online, what to do when faced with a dilemma and recognising appropriate and inappropriate touch.

Rights and Responsibilities

Explores broader topics including looking after the environment, economic education and the changing rights and responsibilities children have as they grow older, alongside the need to respect the rights of others and to respect their environment.

Being My Best

Includes a focus on keeping physically healthy, developing a growth mindset to facilitate resiliency, setting goals and ways to achieve them.

Growing and Changing

Age-appropriate content to covering the physical and emotional changes that happen to children as they grow older, including changes at puberty and how to approach this with confidence. Age-appropriate lessons on relationships and sex education are also included.

Please see the SCARF website for further information: [Coram SCARF](#)

Appendix 3 – Statutory Relationships Education and Health Education (delivered through PSHE)

Relationships Education and Health Education are **statutory** in all primary schools. At our school, these subjects are delivered through our Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) education curriculum. We use the SCARF Scheme which is provided by CORAM, the leading charity provider of relationships, health, wellbeing and drugs education to children across the UK.

EYFS

Children in Nursery and Reception follow the **statutory Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) framework**. This framework sets out the legal requirements for learning, development and care for children from birth to the end of the Reception year.

Within the EYFS, children develop the knowledge, skills and attitudes that underpin later Relationships, Sex and Health Education (RSHE), particularly through the area of **Personal, Social and Emotional Development (PSED)** and **Knowledge and Understanding of the World**.

To support the delivery of the EYFS framework, our school uses a **PSHE scheme of work**. The scheme is a teaching resource that complements and enhances the statutory EYFS curriculum by providing carefully planned, age-appropriate learning experiences. It is used to support—not replace—the statutory EYFS requirements.

In Reception, the PSHE scheme also provides the context through which the school delivers the age-appropriate **statutory** Relationships and Health Education content required for primary schools.

The following overview outlines the statutory Relationships Education and Health Education content taught within our PSHE curriculum across each year group.

Growing and Changing: Statutory and Non-Statutory Content

The **Growing and Changing** unit is taught progressively throughout the primary years. Most of the content forms part of the statutory Relationships Education, Health Education or Science curriculum. The table below identifies the statutory basis for each area of learning and whether parents have the right to request withdrawal.

Content	Year Group(s)*	Statutory Curriculum	Can a child be withdrawn?
Naming body parts using correct anatomical vocabulary	EYFS–Y2	Health Education / Science	No
Understanding personal hygiene and self-care	EYFS–Y6	Health Education	No
Understanding privacy, personal boundaries and consent	EYFS–Y6	Relationships Education	No
Recognising appropriate and inappropriate touch and knowing how to seek help	EYFS–Y6	Relationships Education	No
Understanding that bodies change as we grow	EYFS–Y6	Health Education / Science	No

Content	Year Group(s)*	Statutory Curriculum	Can a child be withdrawn?
Human growth and development from birth to old age	Y5	Science	No
Physical and emotional changes during puberty	Y5–Y6	Health Education / Science	No
Menstruation and menstrual wellbeing	Y5–Y6	Health Education	No
Human reproduction taught through the National Curriculum for Science	Y5	Science	No
Different types of families and caring relationships	EYFS–Y6	Relationships Education	No
Additional learning about sexual intercourse and how babies are conceived (where taught beyond the Science curriculum) Please see appendix 5.	Y5 & Y6 (if taught)	Non-statutory Sex Education	Yes – parents may request withdrawal.

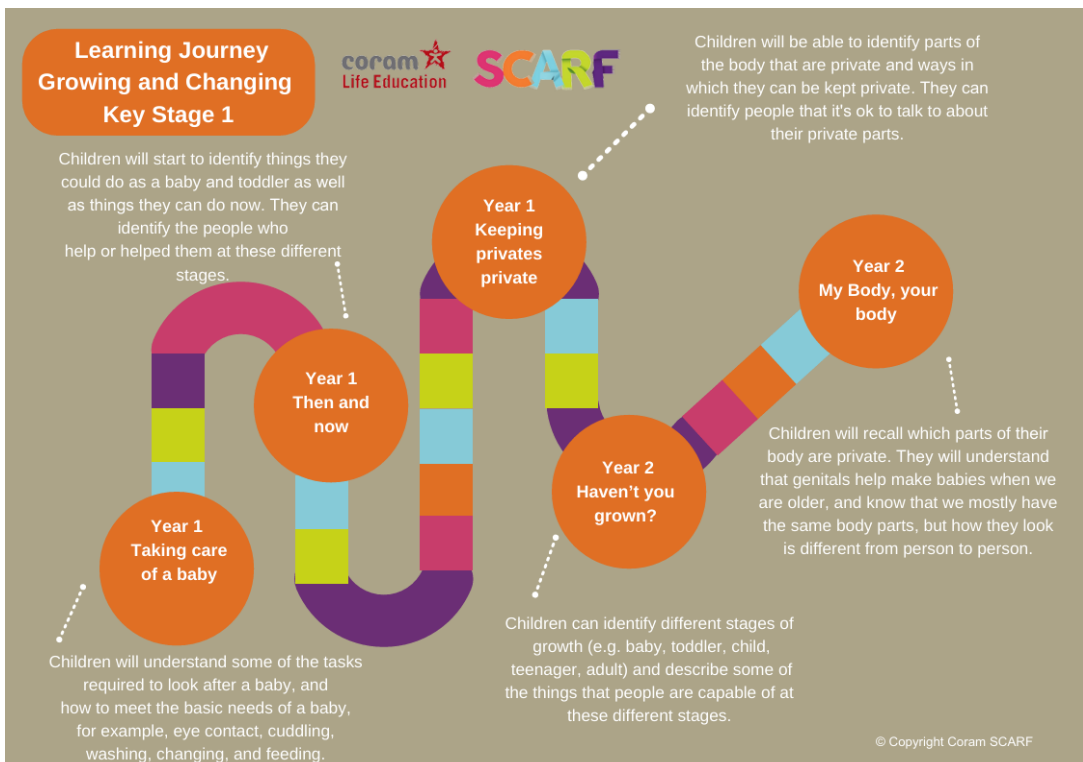
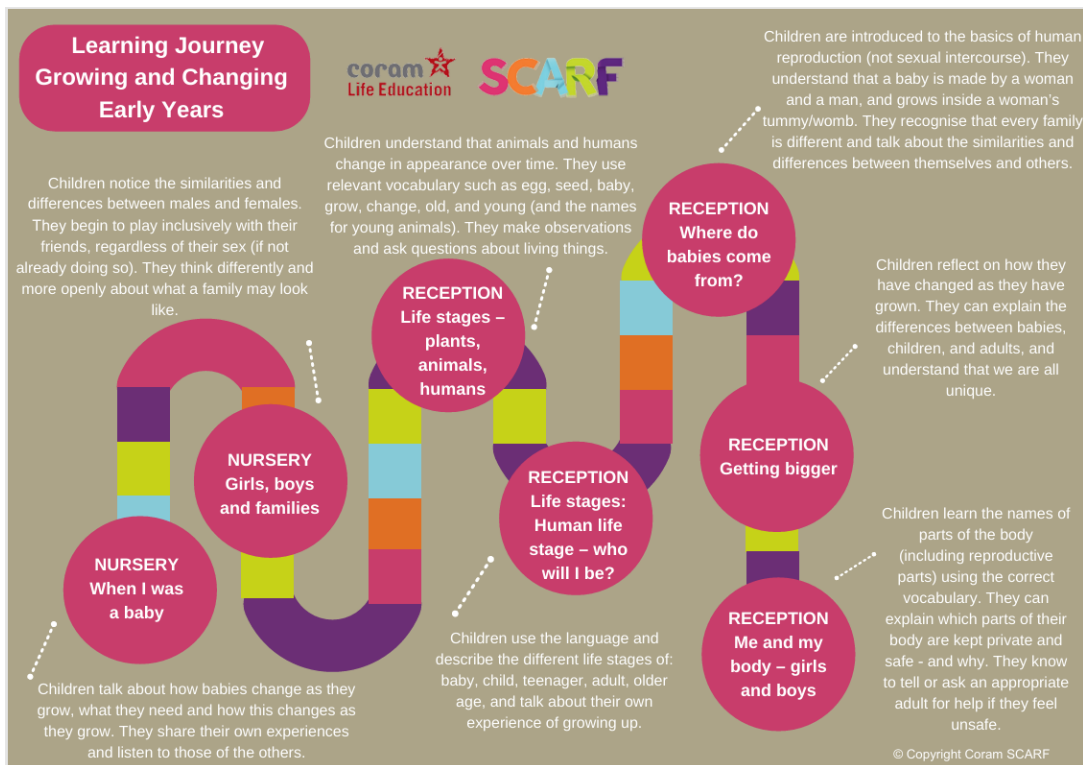
**Year groups indicate when content is introduced and/or revisited. Learning is progressive and builds on pupils' previous knowledge and understanding.*

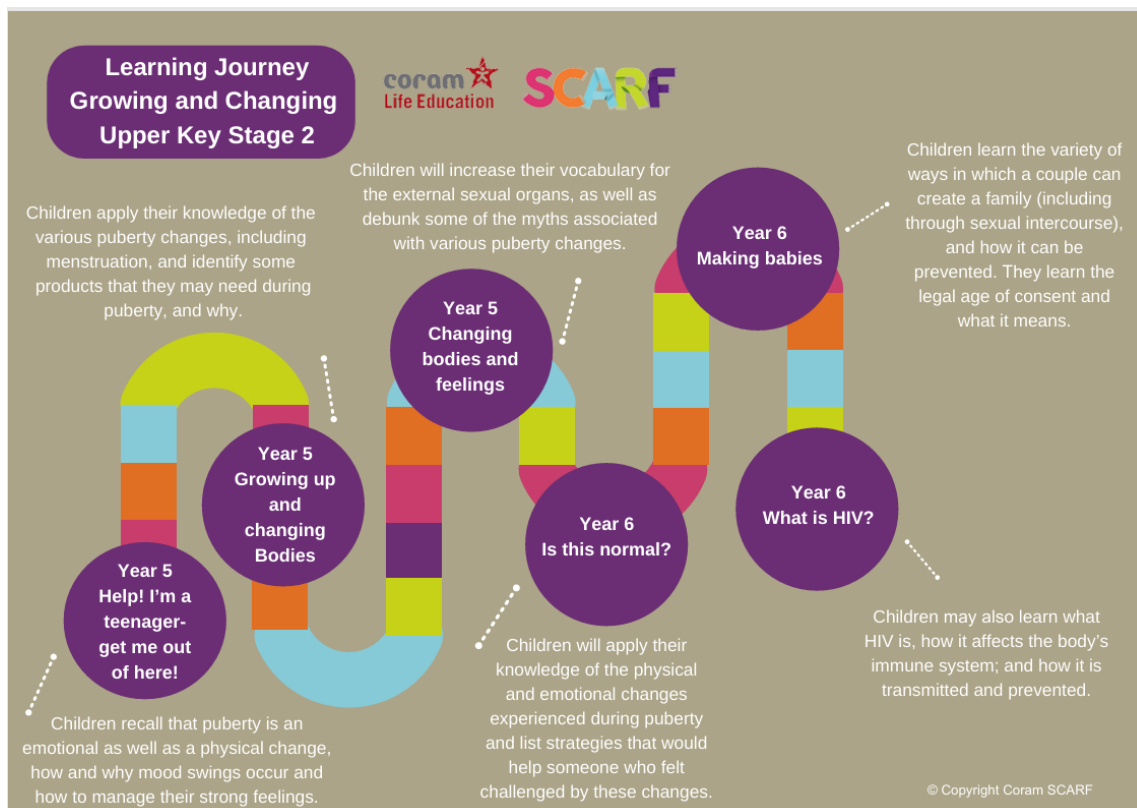
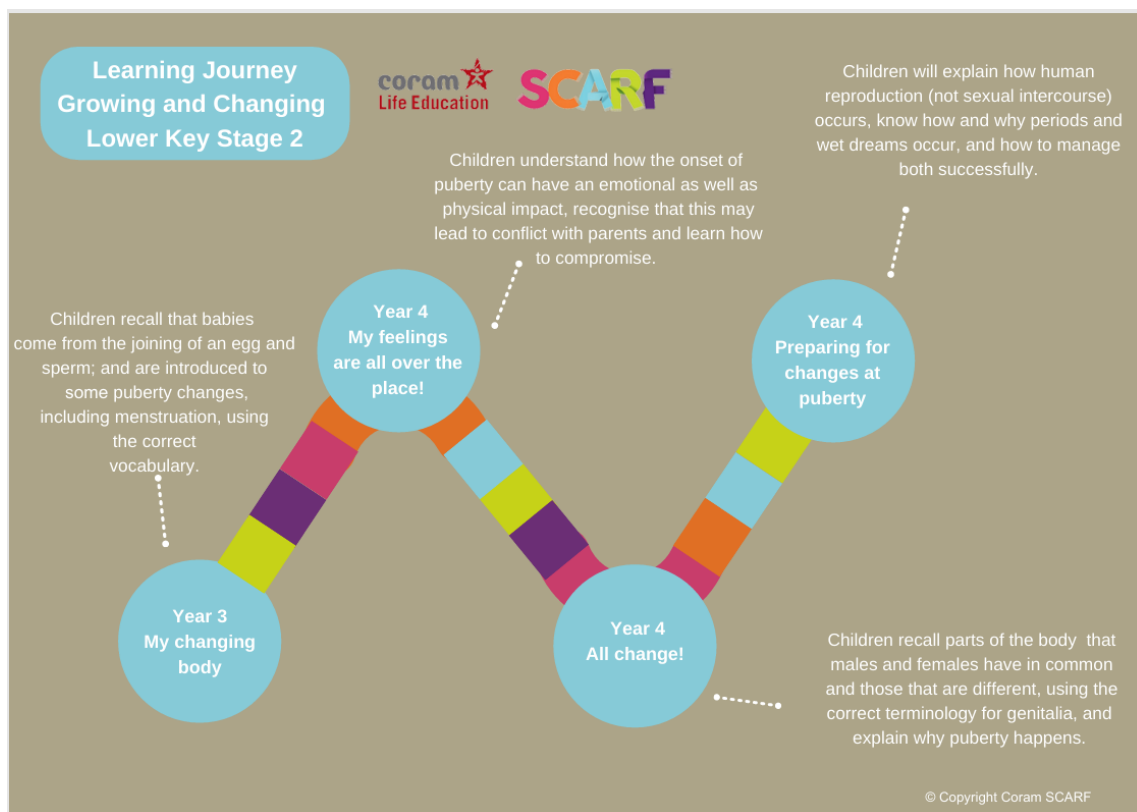
Learning journeys

The SCARF Growing and Changing Unit covers the DfE statutory RSHE requirements listed within the *Changing Adolescent Body* topic under statutory Health Education. As schools are expected to deliver a spiral curriculum, content is introduced in the early years; for example, the difference between girls' and boys' bodies and the correct words for external body parts is covered before later content about how and why bodies change.

Lesson content grows in complexity and maturity, in line with children's development, supporting them every step of the way.

The SCARF Learning Journeys show how the topic *Growing and Changing* develops from Nursery to Y6, in age and developmentally-appropriate ways.





Appendix 4 – Statutory Science Content

The National Curriculum for Science is **statutory** in all maintained primary schools and includes content relating to human growth, development and reproduction. This includes teaching about the main external parts of the human body, how the human body changes from birth to old age (including puberty), and reproduction in some plants and animals.

As this content forms part of the statutory National Curriculum for Science, parents and carers **do not have the right to withdraw** their child from these lessons.

At our school, the statutory Science curriculum is taught weekly. The biological aspects of human growth and reproduction are delivered through the following National Curriculum units:

- **Year 1 – Animals, including Humans:** identifying, naming, drawing and labelling the basic parts of the human body and recognising the functions of the external body parts and senses.
- **Year 2 – Animals, including Humans:** understanding the basic needs of humans for survival, the importance of exercise, healthy eating and hygiene.
- **Year 3 – Animals, including Humans:** learning about nutrition, skeletons and muscles in humans and other animals.
- **Year 5 – Animals, including Humans:** describing the changes as humans develop from birth to old age, including puberty.
- **Year 5 – Living Things and their Habitats:** learning about the life cycles and reproduction of mammals, amphibians, insects and birds.
- **Year 5 – Living Things and their Habitats:** describing the differences in the life cycles of plants and animals and understanding plant reproduction.
- **Year 6 – Animals, including Humans:** identifying and naming the main parts of the human circulatory system and understanding how lifestyle choices affect health.

In addition to learning about human growth and reproduction, the statutory Science curriculum develops pupils' understanding of how to maintain a healthy body, including the importance of nutrition, exercise, hygiene and healthy lifestyles. This knowledge complements, but is distinct from, the school's RSHE curriculum.

The National Curriculum requires schools to teach the biological aspects of human growth and reproduction through Science. Parents **do not have the right** to withdraw their child from this statutory science content.

Parents **do have the right** to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of the non-statutory components of sex education taught as part of RSHE, but not from statutory Relationships Education or Health Education.

Appendix 5 – Additional, non-statutory Sex Education

SCARF defines Sex Education in the primary phase as explaining sexual activity that leads to conception, known as sexual intercourse. There are five lessons in SCARF that include non-statutory Sex Education, to support schools to meet pupil need.

SCARF lessons that include non-statutory Sex Education are:

- Making Babies (Y5)
- Making Babies (Y6)
- What is HIV? (Y6)
- Online Sexual Content (Y6)
- Intimate Images and Online Sharing (Y6)

Within the Y5 & Y6 Making Babies lessons, SCARF include information on sexual intercourse as well as IVF, to help children understand how babies are conceived. This is done before children transition to secondary school to support the pupils' ongoing emotional and physical development effectively, as stated by the DfE.

A reference to condoms is also included in this lesson and the What is HIV? lesson to help pupils understand that both pregnancy and the risk of transferring infections can be avoided/reduced, and does not always have to be a consequence of sexual intercourse.

As a school, we have decided not to include these non-statutory lessons within our PSHE teaching.

However, there may be exceptional circumstances where we consider it appropriate to deliver this additional content, for example in response to a safeguarding issue or where the needs of a particular cohort indicate that it would be beneficial. Should this arise, parents will always be informed beforehand and will **retain their right to withdraw** their child from the non-statutory sex education content.

Self-touch and masturbation

SCARF has two lessons that include content around the topic of masturbation/self-touch:

- All Change (Y4)
- Changing Bodies (Y5)

Please see below the following statement from SCARF which explains the rationale for including this:

SCARF rationale:

At SCARF we believe teaching about masturbation/self-touch supports schools to meet the following statutory requirements

- That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe contact, including physical contact.
- The correct names of body parts, including the penis, vulva, vagina, testicles, scrotum, nipples. Pupils should understand that all of these parts of the body are private and have skills to understand and express their own boundaries around these body parts.

- About growth and other ways the body can change and develop, particularly during adolescence. This topic should include the human lifecycle, and puberty should be discussed as a stage in this process.

Keeping Children Safe in Education guidance also states that children should be taught a programme that tackles boundaries, consent and kindness in relationships, body confidence and self-esteem and how to recognise and report concerns about an abusive relationship.

All children go through phases of sexual development (*Virtual Lab School*). As children grow, so does their understanding of what is sexual, and we must remember not to sexualize, or place unnecessary sexual meaning, on behaviours we observe in children. An infant who touches their genitals learns that when they move and touch their body parts, they experience pleasurable sensations; this is an exploratory, normative sexual behaviour. Once children reach puberty, they may have an increased desire to touch their genitals for pleasure.

At SCARF we believe masturbation to be a physical and emotional change as part of puberty, where sexual development includes not just the genitals developing but feelings associated with ourselves, and others, change too. We know that children can begin to get more curious about sex from the age of 9. This is supported by the NSPCC which, in an article on healthy sexual development, states:

During these ages (9-13), children begin to get more curious about sex and relationships. They may start to be attracted to other people. Examples of typical sexual behaviour during this stage are...masturbating in private.

(National Sexual Violence Resource Centre, 2013; NCTSN, 2009; SECASA, 2017; Stop It Now, 2007; Stop It Now, 2020; Virtual Lab School, 2021).

The most recent DfE guidance also advises, within its Guiding Principles, that “schools should sequence teaching so that pupils are supported and equipped with the knowledge to navigate different experiences in a positive way before they occur, and to prevent harms” (p5). This is to prepare and safeguard children mentally and emotionally, as well as physically. Teaching children about this change so that they are prepared for puberty, leads to better mental health and confidence.

The first lesson is in Year 4, whereby most children will have turned 9 by the end of the year. The Year 4 lesson is in the Growing and Changing lesson called All Change, and is referred to in a film clip, so schools can choose whether to show it or not. The lesson plan encourages teachers to talk about body boundaries and to recognise that masturbation/self-touch is a private activity that must be carried out in a private place.

The relevant film clip provided by Amaze, is included in the context of physical and emotional puberty changes for boys and explains that they may want to start touching their genitals for pleasure and that it is normal if they do, and normal if they don't. We also add a teaching note to acknowledge that the film clip about boys references masturbation but the girls' version does not.

To ensure our RSHE is based on equality, we encourage teachers to consider explaining to the children that an increased desire to touch themselves for pleasure is a private activity that everyone – male or female – can choose to do and to again point out that it is normal if you don't do it, and normal if you do, and should be done in private, e.g. bedroom or bathroom.

It's also important to note that this information contributes to safeguarding; it not only helps children to keep themselves healthy and safe, but helps them to identify inappropriate behaviour in others too, either adults or peers, who may be touching their own genitals in public.

The second lesson we have is in Year 5, in the Growing and Changing lesson called Changing Bodies and Feelings; here we explore a variety of feelings and emotions that may come up during puberty, and we reflect on and debunk the myth that masturbation/self-touch is harmful to help reduce the shame, stigma - and related risks to mental health - a child might feel if they are developing an interest in touching themselves in this way.

As a school, we agree with the rationale provided by SCARF and consider the primary purpose of these lessons to be safeguarding and health education. However, we have decided **not** to teach this content unless there are exceptional circumstances where we consider it appropriate to deliver, for example in response to a safeguarding issue or where the needs of a particular cohort indicate that it would be beneficial.

Should this arise, parents will **always** be informed beforehand and will **retain their right to withdraw** their child from this non-statutory sex education content.

Appendix 6 – Parent / Carer Form: Withdrawal from non statutory Sex Education

To be completed by parents / carers	
Name of child	
Class	
Name of parents / carers	
Reasons for withdrawing from sex education	
Any other information you would like school to consider	
Parents (s) / carer (s) signature	
Date	
To be completed by school	
Agreed actions from the discussion with parents / carers Include notes from the meeting	

Appendix 6 (...continued) – Parent / Carer Form: Withdrawal from non-statutory Sex Education

Parental Responsibility

Where there is shared parental responsibility, both parties should, where possible, should reach a shared agreement to request that their child is withdrawn from sex education.

Either parent can request to withdraw a child from sex education. If there is a disagreement the other parent would need a prohibited steps order.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/dealing-with-issues-relating-to-parental-responsibility/understanding-and-dealing-with-issues-relating-to-parental-responsibility>

Key effects of a father or second female parent acquiring parental responsibility

When a father or second female parent acquires parental responsibility they:

- can withdraw a child from sex education and religious education classes and make representations to schools concerning the child's education

Prohibited steps order

A prohibited steps order imposes a specific restriction on the exercise of responsibility. This means that no step specified by the court, which a parent could take in meeting his/her parental responsibility, can be taken without the consent of the court.

Example One parent wants to take the child abroad for an extended period or prevent the child from attending a form of religious worship, against the wishes of the other parent.